



METROPOLITAN POLICE

Working together for a safer London

SBPB Substantive Discussion Progress Against Priority One:

Safer Neighbourhoods

Quarter 1 End of year update

Partner Met Police

Crime Stats for Quarter 1

Context: Challenging performance is a key role which has been identified for the SBPB. This item updates partners in relation to the performance issues, highlights any new challenges, and gains consensus as to how the group can work together to address these.

This report will present the ratified data collected by MOPAC for the high harm and volume crimes that have been identified as a priority for LB Bromley

The high Harm Crimes reported on are:

Domestic Abuse (Covered under Priority One Violence Against Women and Girls)

Weapons based Crimes (Gun Crime, Knife Crime covered under Priority Three Keeping Young People Safe)

Hate Crime (covered under Priority Four- Standing Together Against Hate Crime and Extremism)

Sex Offences (Covered under Priorities Two and Three)

The Volume Crimes that are reported on are:

NDVWI

Burglary

ASB (all London Boroughs)

At the time of writing this report in early June 2021, the latest figures available are to April 2021. as such the time frame captured for this report is from March 21 to April 21. Quarter 2 will present the cumulative figures up to the available date, and so on throughout the reporting periods.

As COVID has impacted on crime, there is no value in comparing this year's figures with those of the same reporting period for the previous year. In order to determine a reflective comparison, the figures for 2019 will be used.

The figures are taken from the MOPAC dashboard, and it should be noted that these are subject to change, as crimes can become reclassified during an investigation.

Domestic Abuse Offences March 21– April 21 (latest available figures)

Green

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| May 2021 | % difference on June 2020 same reporting timeframe |
| 227 DA Incidents for Bromley | - 20% |

For consistency MOPAC data will now be used to report on this section.

We cannot provide the data from 2019 as both the MOPAC dashboard and MPS dashboard only have data from a rolling 12 months and therefore in June 2020 offences stood at 261 and fluctuated over the last rolling year to a peak in July 2020 of 285 and a low in Jan 2021 of 190 offences. A comparison of Mar 21 reductions from June 2020 is a 20% reduction on June 2020

In the last 12 months, South Area has had 16113 domestic abuse incidents

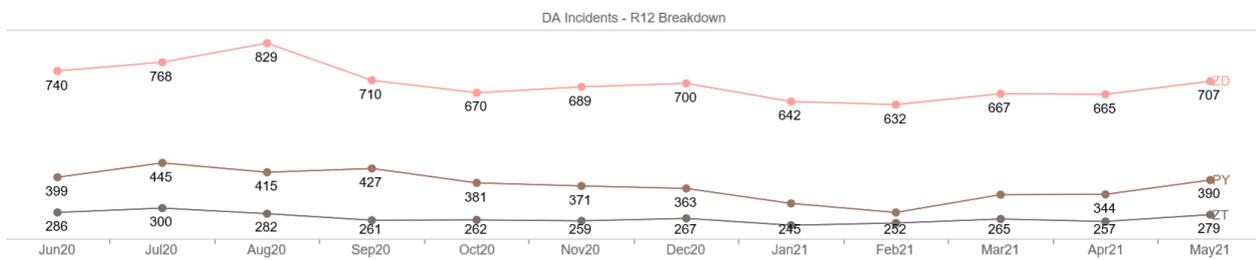
Croydon: 8419

Bromley: 4479

Sutton: 3215

Croydon is the highest for the MPS

Green



| | | Jun 20 | Jul 20 | Aug 20 | Sep 20 | Oct 20 | Nov 20 | Dec 20 | Jan 21 | Feb 21 | Mar 21 | Apr 21 | May 21 |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| South Area Command Unit | Bromley | 15 | 19 | 17 | 18 | 23 | 12 | 8 | 11 | 4 | 11 | 11 | 13 |
| | Arson and Criminal Damage | 9 | | 5 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | | 5 |
| | Burglary | | 2 | | 1 | | 1 | | | | 2 | | 1 |
| | Drug Offences | 2 | | 7 | 3 | 2 | 5 | | 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| | Miscellaneous Crimes Against | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | 1 |
| | Other Accepted Crime | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | 1 |
| | Possession of Weapons | 5 | 16 | 5 | 13 | 10 | 8 | 12 | 7 | 6 | 13 | 8 | 4 |
| | Public Order Offences | | 1 | 2 | | | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 2 |
| | Robbery | 7 | 7 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 9 | 10 | 7 |
| | Sexual Offences | 8 | 15 | 13 | 5 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 8 | 8 | 7 |
| | Theft | 2 | 2 | 2 | | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| | Vehicle Offences | 212 | 221 | 207 | 231 | 182 | 198 | 163 | 159 | 161 | 141 | 174 | 184 |
| | Violence Against the Person | 261 | 287 | 264 | 285 | 251 | 252 | 200 | 190 | 183 | 193 | 218 | 227 |
| | Total | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Throughout this quarter the Prolific offender unit has grown in strength. This is a Public Protection team focused on high harm PP offenders i.e. DA, Sexual offences, as well as county lines offenders, linked in with the support to the victims from the CCE team.

A review of high harm dates has been explored during the summer months and through large scale events such as the Euro’s, with reflect resourcing to ensure capacity for demands. This has included the use of DA deployment cars, which enhances the attendance of PP staff to DA offences.

We continued over this quarter to improve the way in which we apprehend DA offenders, both within 24 hours of call to service and subsequently though outstanding offender not arrested at scene. Given the volumes of offending across SN BCU we are one of the top performing BCUs in the MPS.

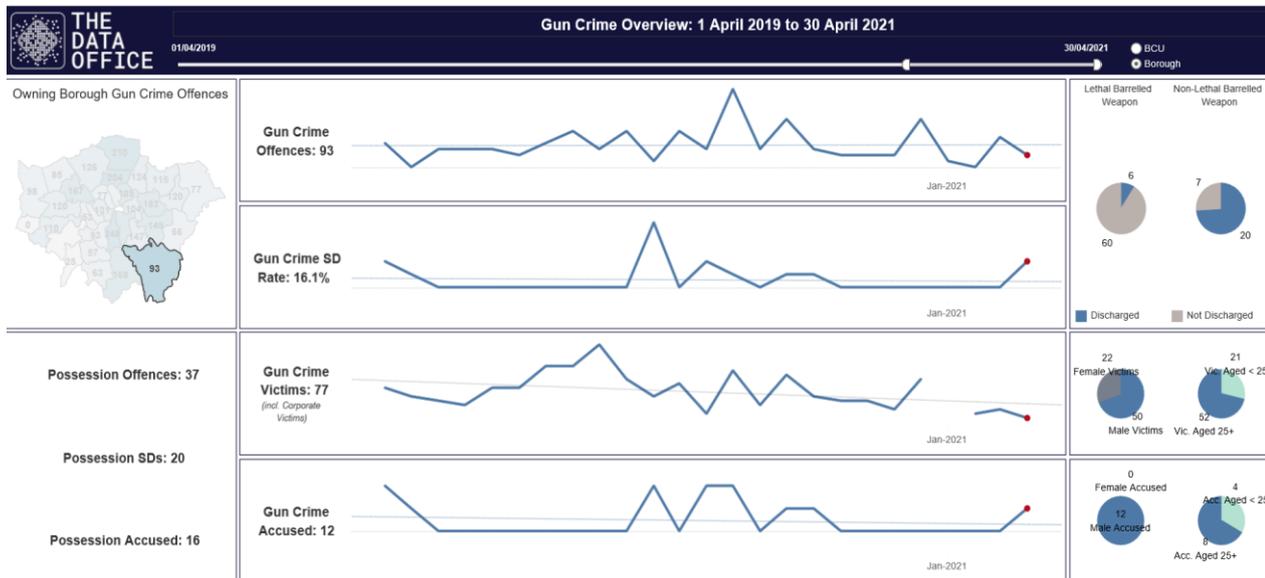
Ward Hotspots

| rank | ward |
|------|------------------|
| 1 | Cray Valley West |
| 2 | Penge and Cator |
| 3 | Cray Valley East |

Gun Crime

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| March 21- April 21 | % difference on 2019 same reporting timeframe |
| 2 offences in April 2021 | -50% |

For consistency MOPAC data will now be used to report on this section.



Total gun crime within Bromley has fallen between years by 50%

This is another piece of good work across both South area and more widely in London. Intelligence to disrupt gun related crime is being considered on a daily basis by specialist proactive units and the Force is more agile in obtaining warrants to disrupt gun supply. The effects of Covid reductions in overall criminal activity will impact slightly on lower level offences of gun crime such as street-based possession of a S5 firearm such as tasers or CS sprays.

We have been successful during this quarter in identifying and retrieving numerous firearms across the BCU based on the proactive approach to FA intel.

All FA intel is reviewed by our Proactive CID team, who have close links with central teams in order to develop the information quickly and therefore leading to more positive outcomes.

Ward data is not available.

Ward Hotspots

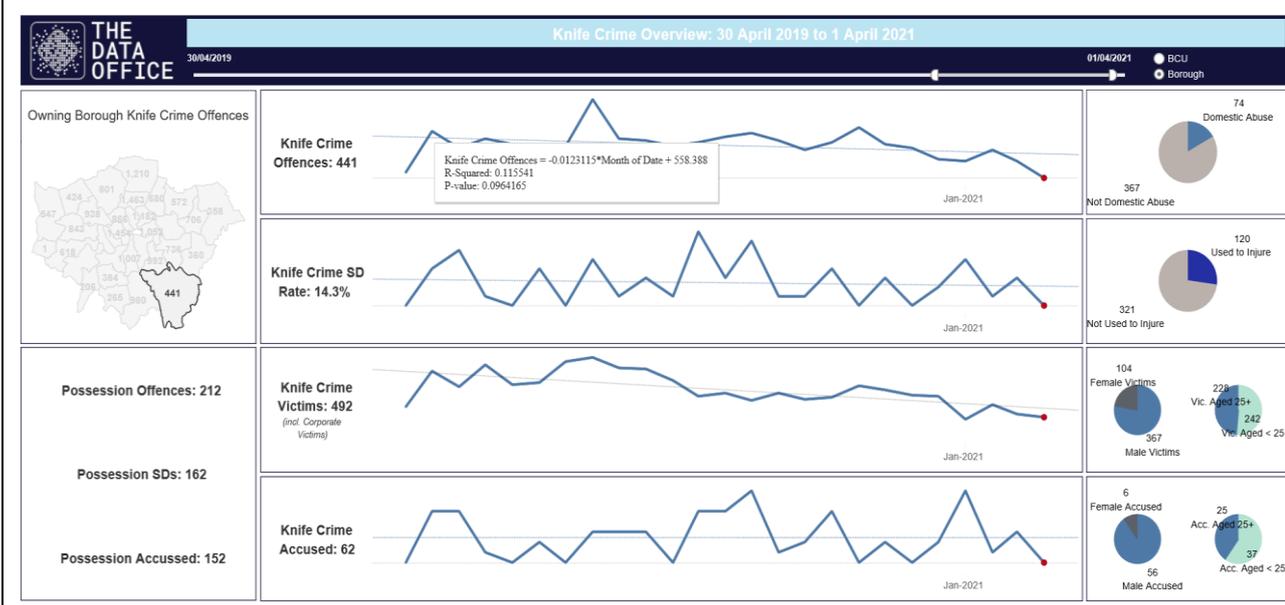
| rank | ward |
|------|----------------------|
| 1 | Cray Valley East |
| 2 | Petts Wood and Knoll |
| 3 | Kelsey and Eden Park |

Knife Crime

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| March 21- April 21 | % difference on 2019 same reporting timeframe |
| 10 offences for April 2021 | -62% (26 offences in this period 2019) |

For consistency MOPAC data will now be used to report on this section.

Green



Total knife crime within Bromley has fallen by 62%

The majority of knife crime occurs as a result of street-based robberies or possession of an offensive weapon. The latter offence is a found committing offence resulting from proactive use of stop and search in most cases. The effect of lockdown of street-based populations has significantly reduced the number of potential victims of robberies across Bromley. This will need to be monitored carefully as lockdown eases and populations of young people and others increase at street level.

We are currently completing a deep dive into detective Vs. undetected violence/knife crime offences to establish what is being done well and what we need to develop in order to increase the positive outcomes for the public and bring more offenders to justice.

This review is at an early stage and will look at detected, undetected, forensic conversion, RUI Vs. Bail and what strategies we use both during primary and secondary investigation which help us to bring cases to a successful conclusion.

Please also see the NDVWI section in relation to our patrol and resource strategy being placed into hotspot areas. These key areas interlink with our Knife hotspot areas as well as our approach to High Harm Offenders with links to Knife crime.

Ward Data is only available for Possession offences which is not reflective of Knife Crime as a whole.

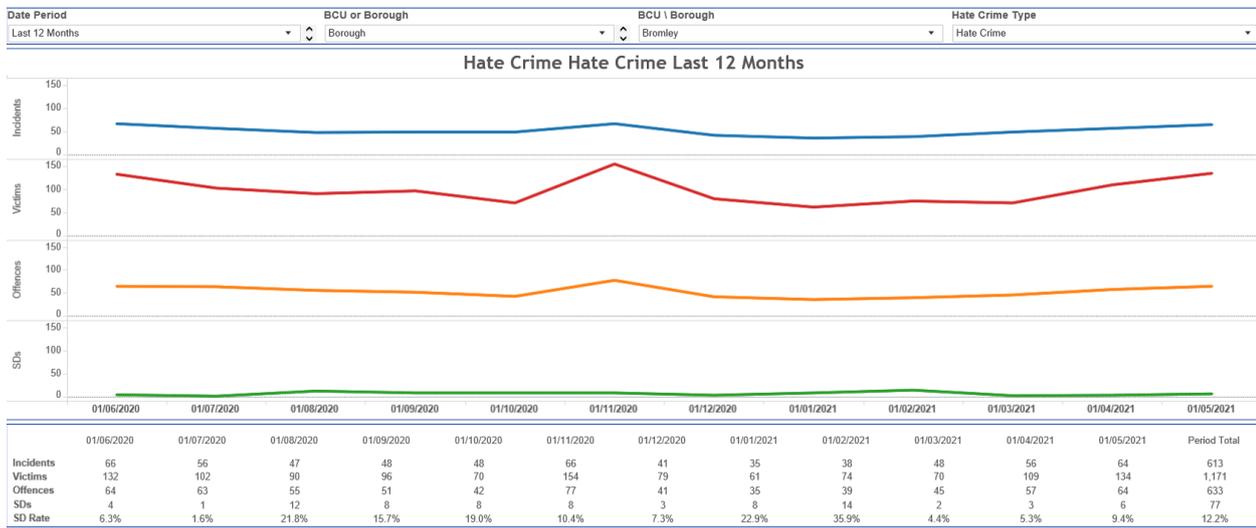
Ward Hotspots

| rank | ward |
|------|---------------------|
| 1 | Bromley Town Centre |
| 2 | Cray Valley East |
| 3 | Penge & Cator |
| 4 | |
| 5 | |

Hate Crime High Harm Crime

| May 2021 | % difference on June 2020 same reporting timeframe |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| 64 incidents of Hate Crime recorded | 0% reduction/increase |

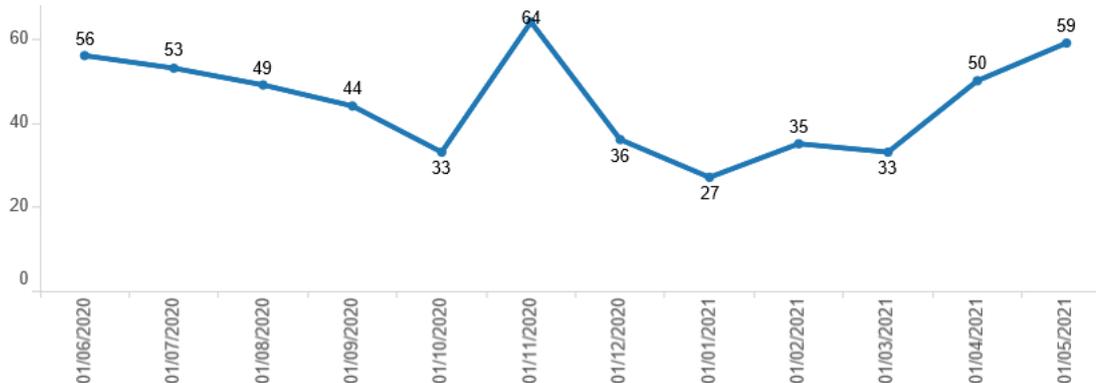
For consistency MOPAC data will now be used to report on this section.



Green



Bromley Racist Offences over Last 12 Months



Hate Crime dashboards are also set to a rolling 12 months and therefore, we are unable to provide a comparison to 2019 data.

In June 2020, hate crime offences recorded at 64, peaking in November at 77. The lowest recorded month for hate crime was January 2021 at 35 offences rising to May 2021 at 64. Comparatively these levels have remained the same compare to June 2020 and May 2021.

The spike in November 2020, coincides with the lead up to the final transition period of Brexit as well as a number of factors, for example the death of George Floyd and BLM, throughout 2020 which impacted on the wider national and local picture across London.

The reporting of hate crime offences has remain consistent throughout the rest of the rolling year, this in part is likely to be factored into the COVID restrictions. As per the previous quarter although the level of reporting has mainly stayed constant there is further work to be carried out in both increasing the public's confidence in reporting hate crime offences and the investigation and positive outcome rate for victims.

Local the Response Strand are looking at how we can achieve greater outcomes for victims of Hate Crime.

With regards to the hotspot data, this very much depends on the Hate Crime type. One of the consistent hotspots across most Hate Crime types is Bromley town centre. Sexual orientation hate crime tends to be more focused within the Northern wards of Bromley whilst Faith related hate crime is more predominant in the eastern wards of Bromley.

Ward Hotspots

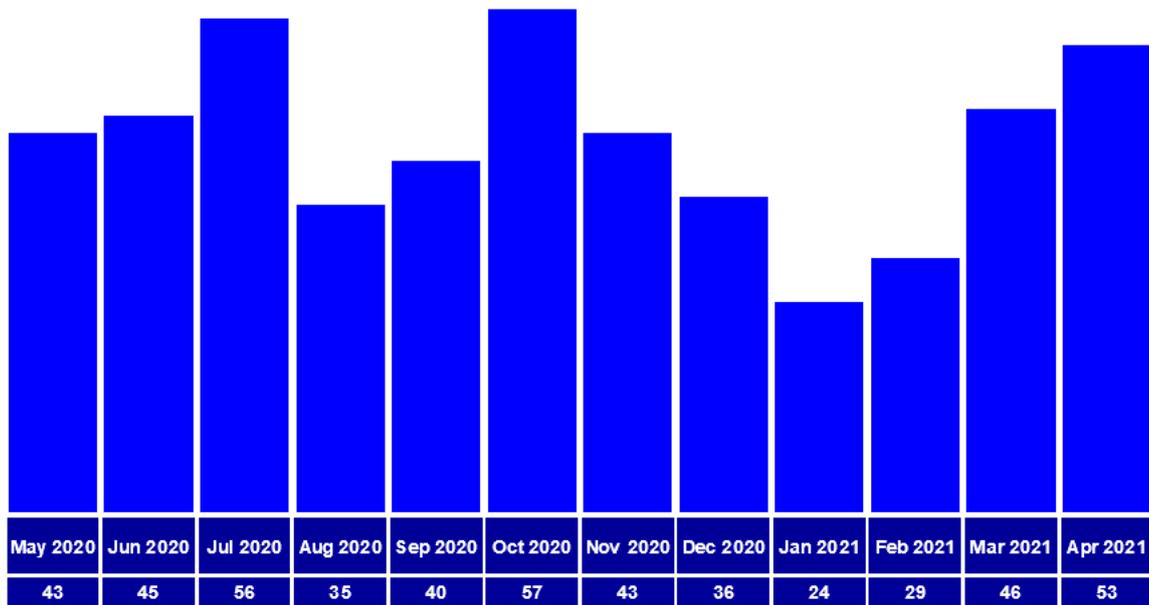
| rank | ward |
|------|---------------------|
| 1 | Bromley Town Centre |

Green

Sex Offences

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| March 21 - April 21 | % difference on 2020 same reporting timeframe |
| 53 sexual offences | 52 |

For consistency category MOPAC data will now be used to report on this section.



| Neighbourhood | May 2020 | Jun 2020 | Jul 2020 | Aug 2020 | Sep 2020 | Oct 2020 | Nov 2020 | Dec 2020 | Jan 2021 | Feb 2021 | Mar 2021 | Apr 2021 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Bickley | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Biggin Hill | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Bromley Common and Keston | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| Bromley Town | 8 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 4 |
| Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Chislehurst | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Clock House | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| Copers Cope | 1 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 |
| Cray Valley East | 3 | 3 | 3 | 8 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Cray Valley West | 3 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
| Crystal Palace | 2 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 6 |
| Darwin | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Farnborough and Crofton | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Hayes and Coney Hall | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Kelsey and Eden Park | 3 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 7 | 4 |
| Mottingham and Chislehurst North | 1 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Orpington | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 6 |
| Penge and Cator | 4 | 4 | 14 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 6 |
| Petts Wood and Knoll | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Plaistow and Sundridge | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Shortlands | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| West Wickham | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Bromley | 43 | 45 | 56 | 35 | 40 | 57 | 43 | 36 | 24 | 29 | 46 | 53 |

Total sex offence crime within Bromley has risen by 1 offence in comparison to this period 2020, due to available data I am unable to make a 2019 comparison.

COVID and the associated lockdowns has impacted on opportunities for alcohol and youth related allegations of sexual assault to take place. Schools officers and safeguarding officers continue to see reporting of online based relationships and domestic allegations of sexual assaults and during lockdown there has been a rising trend in online dating sites which may impact sexual offence allegations once lockdown eases and meetings between parties are allowed once again.

Following the release of lockdown in April 2021 we have seen a steady rise in the number of sexual offences reported to police. This is in comparison to the much lower levels of reporting during the lockdown periods.

The concern still remains re the unreported offences during the lockdown period, which are likely to be those who have been victim to those known to them. We need to ensure as a partnership that we provide the support and confidence for any potential victims to feel safe enough to come forward and report.

Ward Hotspots

| rank | ward |
|------|-----------------|
| 1 | Crystal Palace |
| 2 | Orpington |
| 3 | Penge and Cator |

Local Crime Priorities

Local crime priorities measure the things that matter; the police and crime plan established an innovative approach to make room what success looks like for London. Instead of rigid citywide targets and blanket offence types, MOPAC proposed that police and crime priorities be set locally and based upon evidence. This aims to promote local solutions to local problems in which borrowers prioritise and problem solved between 2 and 4 volume crime priorities as well as ASB.

Bromley has been set 2 local crime proprieties, and these are:

- NDVWI
- Residential Burglary

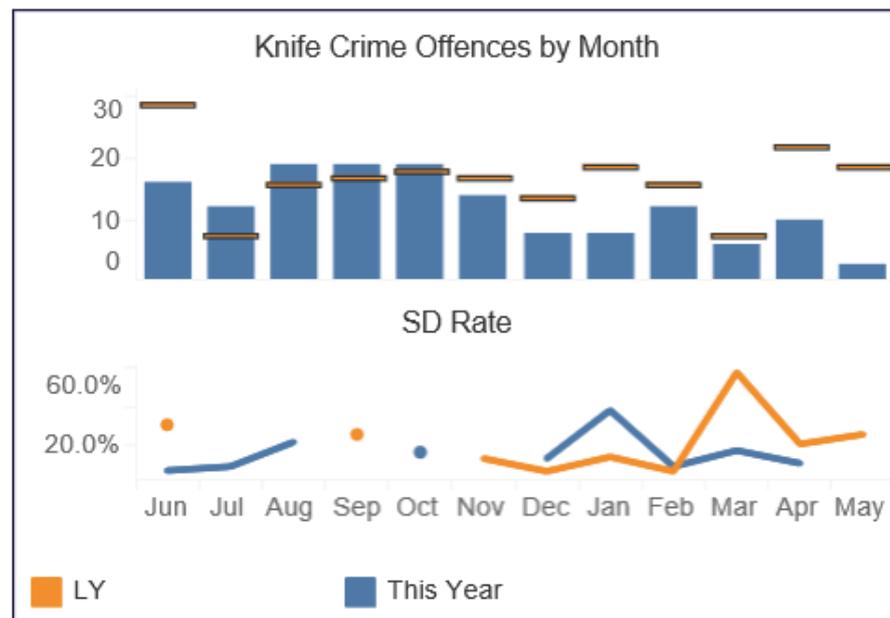
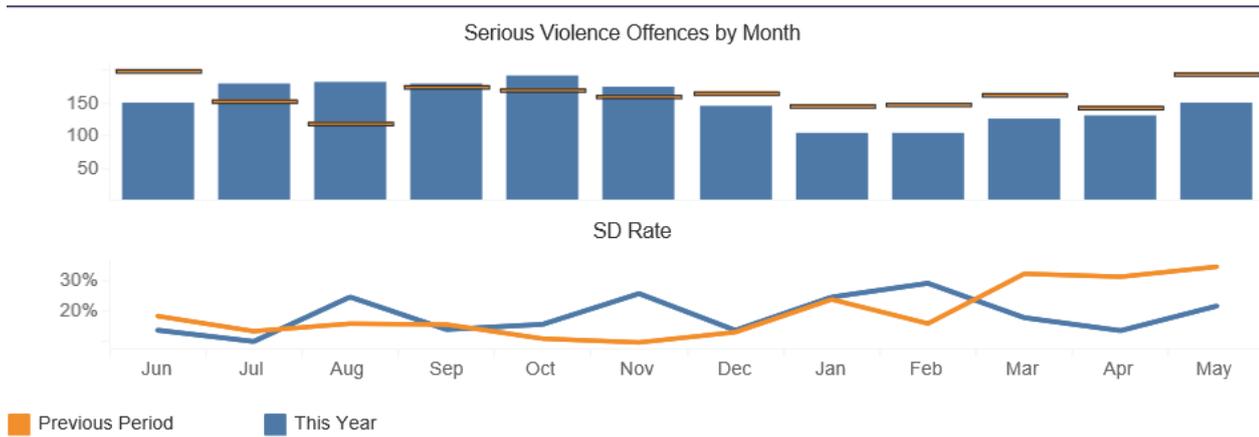
ASB has been set as a priority for all London boroughs

NDVWI

Amber

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| March 21- April 21 | % difference on 2019 same reporting timeframe |
| 129 offences | 11% increase (143 offences) |

For consistency MOPAC data will now be used to report on this section.



Total NDVWI offences within Bromley have risen by 10%

Following the ease of Lockdown from April, through the VSU and working closely with neighbourhoods (DWO & Town Centre Teams) as well as licencing teams we have dedicated additional resources to the policing of hotspot NDVIW areas as well as open spaces (VAWG) and licenced premises.

These resources are dedicated to high visibility patrolling and engagement with members of the public, patrons and licence's to ensure a safe return to normality and prevention of spikes in violent offending with the relaxation of restrictions.

Our Fugitive Team have continued to focus on the apprehension of High Harm Offenders (HHO) to ensure that early intervention with those of most harm wanted are located and arrested at the earliest opportunity. As a BCU we are consistently have the lowest number of wanted High Harm offenders across the MPS.

The IOM team have been engaged in visiting all individuals within their cohorts, with a specific focus on those involved in violent crime. This is to ensure engagement with prolific offenders and provide ongoing support in order to prevent further offending.

TCT teams are focused on the policing of Bromley Town Centre which, as below, is consistently the strongest hotspot area for NDVWI offences. This along with the COVID effect has had a significant impact on the decrease in offending.

Proactively we have focused on areas of violence which have the biggest impact on communities, this has included drugs related violence and those individuals involved in County Lines, which we have seen as a main cause for the most serious violence across SN BCU as well as other BCU's.

Ward Hotspots

| rank | ward |
|------|----------------------|
| 1 | Bromley Town |
| 2 | Cray Valley East |
| 3 | Kelsey and Eden Park |

Total Burglary

| Current Month to end May 2021 | % difference on 2019 same reporting timeframe |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 118 offences | -49% |

Residential Burglary

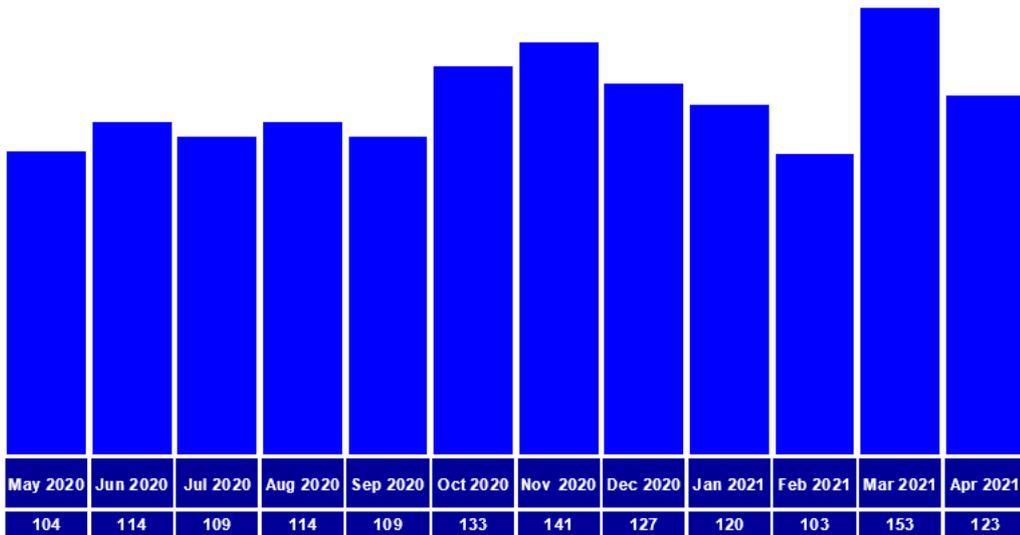
| Current Month to end May 2021 | % difference on 2019 same reporting timeframe |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 86 offences | -49% |

For consistency MOPAC data will now be used to report on this section. Met police data will be used for residential burglary.

Total Burglary:

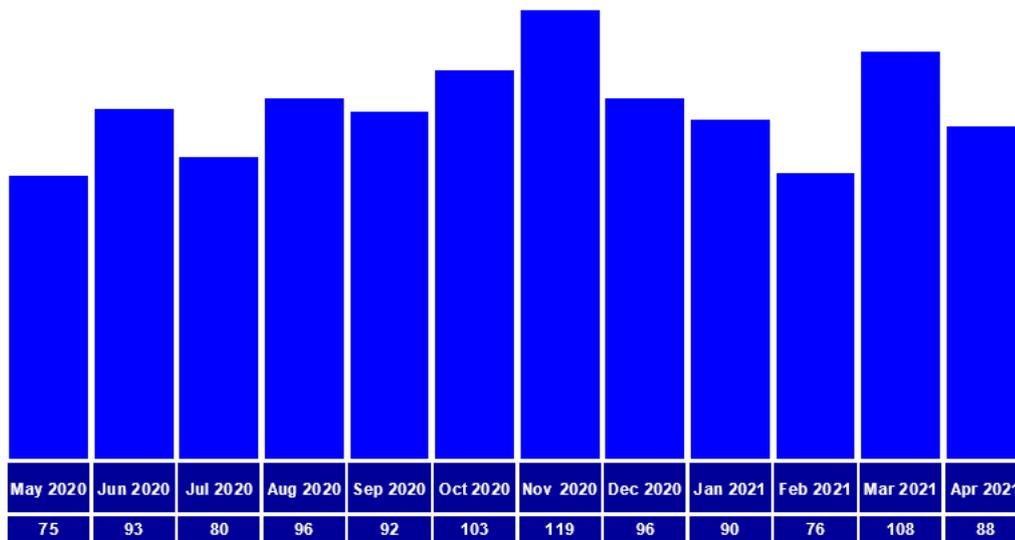
Green

Green



| Neighbourhood | May 2020 | Jun 2020 | Jul 2020 | Aug 2020 | Sep 2020 | Oct 2020 | Nov 2020 | Dec 2020 | Jan 2021 | Feb 2021 | Mar 2021 | Apr 2021 |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Bickley | 2 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 5 | 1 | 6 | 4 |
| Biggin Hill | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Bromley Common and Keston | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 8 | 4 |
| Bromley Town | 16 | 7 | 12 | 9 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 16 | 10 | 18 | 25 | 7 |
| Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom | 8 | 6 | 5 | 9 | 3 | 7 | 7 | 10 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 5 |
| Chislehurst | 4 | 3 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 6 |
| Clock House | 4 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 7 | 3 | 12 | 4 | 10 | 3 | 6 | 2 |
| Copers Cope | 9 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 7 | 5 | 7 | 10 | 9 | 14 | 17 | 10 |
| Cray Valley East | 11 | 9 | 4 | 7 | 7 | 11 | 12 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 16 | 19 |
| Cray Valley West | 9 | 11 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 11 | 3 | 10 | 6 | 10 | 12 |
| Crystal Palace | 8 | 5 | 10 | 12 | 7 | 15 | 5 | 9 | 7 | 5 | 13 | 6 |
| Darwin | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Farnborough and Crofton | 3 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Hayes and Coney Hall | 2 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Kelsey and Eden Park | 1 | 8 | 8 | 3 | 4 | 11 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 9 |
| Mottingham and Chislehurst North | 2 | 4 | 8 | 7 | 1 | 7 | 9 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| Orpington | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 3 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Penge and Cator | 7 | 7 | 2 | 8 | 8 | 5 | 8 | 11 | 11 | 5 | 8 | 7 |
| Petts Wood and Knoll | 0 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 9 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| Plaistow and Sundridge | 7 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 8 | 5 | 8 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 6 |
| Shortlands | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| West Wickham | 0 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Bromley | 104 | 114 | 109 | 114 | 109 | 133 | 141 | 127 | 120 | 103 | 153 | 123 |

Residential Burglary:



| Neighbourhood | May 2020 | Jun 2020 | Jul 2020 | Aug 2020 | Sep 2020 | Oct 2020 | Nov 2020 | Dec 2020 | Jan 2021 | Feb 2021 | Mar 2021 | Apr 2021 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| Bickley | 2 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 3 | 4 |
| Biggin Hill | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Bromley Common and Keston | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 3 |
| Bromley Town | 12 | 5 | 5 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 7 | 6 | 8 | 11 | 18 | 0 |
| Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom | 5 | 5 | 2 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 9 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| Chislehurst | 3 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| Clock House | 2 | 6 | 3 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 10 | 3 | 8 | 3 | 6 | 2 |
| Copers Cope | 7 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 7 | 4 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 12 | 13 | 8 |
| Cray Valley East | 7 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 10 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 13 | 16 |
| Cray Valley West | 7 | 11 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 10 | 3 | 9 | 6 | 8 | 10 |
| Crystal Palace | 7 | 5 | 6 | 10 | 6 | 10 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 12 | 6 |
| Darwin | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Farnborough and Crofton | 3 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Hayes and Coney Hall | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Kelsey and Eden Park | 0 | 8 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 11 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| Mottingham and Chislehurst North | 1 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 1 | 6 | 9 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Orpington | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 5 |
| Penge and Cator | 5 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 7 | 4 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 5 | 6 | 5 |
| Petts Wood and Knoll | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 2 |
| Plaistow and Sundridge | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 4 |
| Shortlands | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| West Wickham | 0 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Bromley | 75 | 93 | 80 | 96 | 92 | 103 | 119 | 96 | 90 | 76 | 108 | 88 |

Total burglary offences as well as residential burglary within Bromley have fallen by 44.5% between years

Since the 2019 figures were published **Burglary has fallen by 44.45%. Bromley has 0.15 Burglary offences per 1000 population.** Bromley is ranked in the bottom quartile of the 32 Boroughs of London for number of offences. The reduction equates to 1158 fewer offences. Clearly COVID has had an enormous impact on this.

Since March of this year the number of offences has fallen monthly.

However Bromley suffered 1130 dwelling burglaries last year and 149 offences reported in May. The top 5 wards for Burglary dwelling are:

1. Cray Valley East
2. Cray Valley West
3. Copers Cope
4. Crystal Palace
5. Bromley Town

The Cray Valley issues relate to a number of high value burglaries. This series features in the monthly TTCG agenda. Foot patrols of the areas have been conducted and a number of intelligence submissions made in the last quarter of people stopped and searched. There is a current Burglary operation which will shortly be in the arrest phases of the operation.

There is a root and branch review of burglary offences being undertaken outlined below which should lead to increased opportunity for detections and learning of best practice across the BCU and in Bromley.

In order to achieve a greater focus on positive outcomes, SN BCU as many other BCUs has formed a Forensic Conversion Team, which began in April 202. This small team will focus on achieving better outcome from forensic identis. As nearly 50% of these identis are from Burglary offences (Both Res and Non Res) we are monitoring the increase in positive arrests, linked series and following sanctioned detections.

Since the inception of the Forensic Conversion Team SN BCU has risen from the being 13th out of 13 BCUs/OCUs to 6th.

We are currently completing a deep dive and review of processes into the investigation of Burglary offences to establish the positive and developmental aspect of primary and secondary investigation, which in turn will create a Burglary action plan in order to priorities these offences more effectively with better outcomes for victims.

A revision of tasking into Burglary hotspots through the TTCG is being constantly monitored to maintain a positive policing presence within hotspot areas for Burglary during material times based on the temporal analysis.

Ward Hotspots

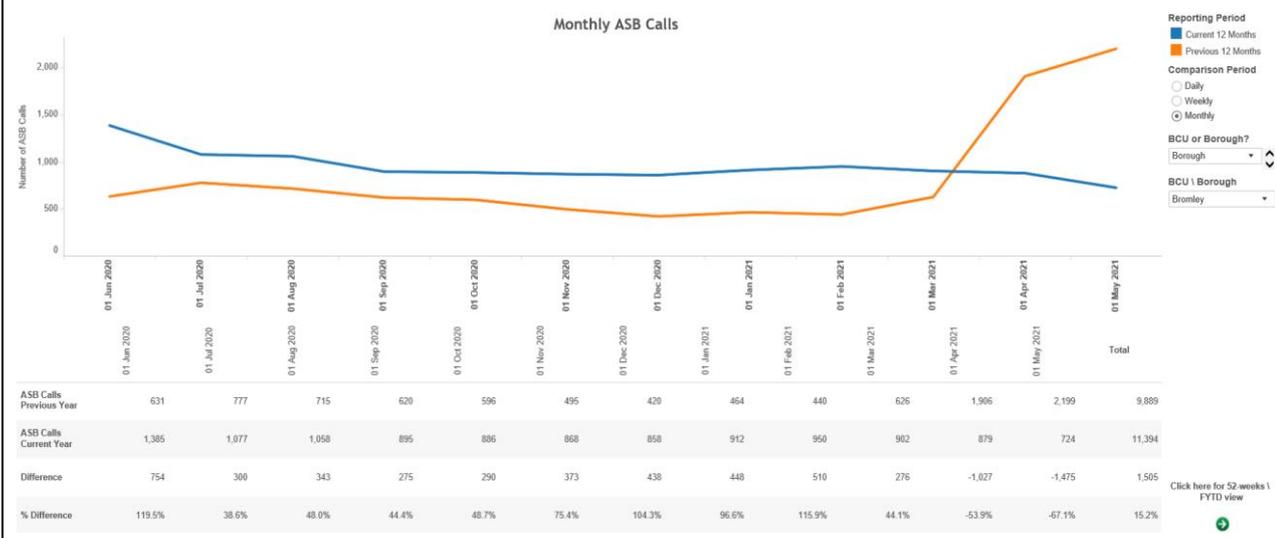
| rank | ward |
|------|---------------------|
| 1 | Cray Valley East |
| 2 | Cray Valley West |
| 3 | Copers Cope |
| 4 | Crystal Palace |
| 5 | Bromley Town Centre |

ASB

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| March 21- April 21 | % difference on June 2019 same reporting timeframe |
| 725 calls regarding ASB | 15% increase (631 calls) |

For consistency, MOPAC data will now be used to report on this section.

Amber



Total ASB offences within Bromley have risen by 15% in comparison to June 2019

The dramatic increases in ASB are largely associated with COVID related reporting of breaches in new legislation associated with lockdowns. There was a particular spike through March to May during the first lockdown, which saw 2199 ASB calls recorded in the same period. Whilst the number of calls for service has reduced steadily over the latter part of the year, they remain higher than average.

Dedicated response vehicles have responded to COVID calls for service across Bromley since May as a result of these increases for service. Most are low level and have been dealt with by suitable words of advice. This has now concluded on SN BCU as central funding for this resource was withdrawn across the MPS.

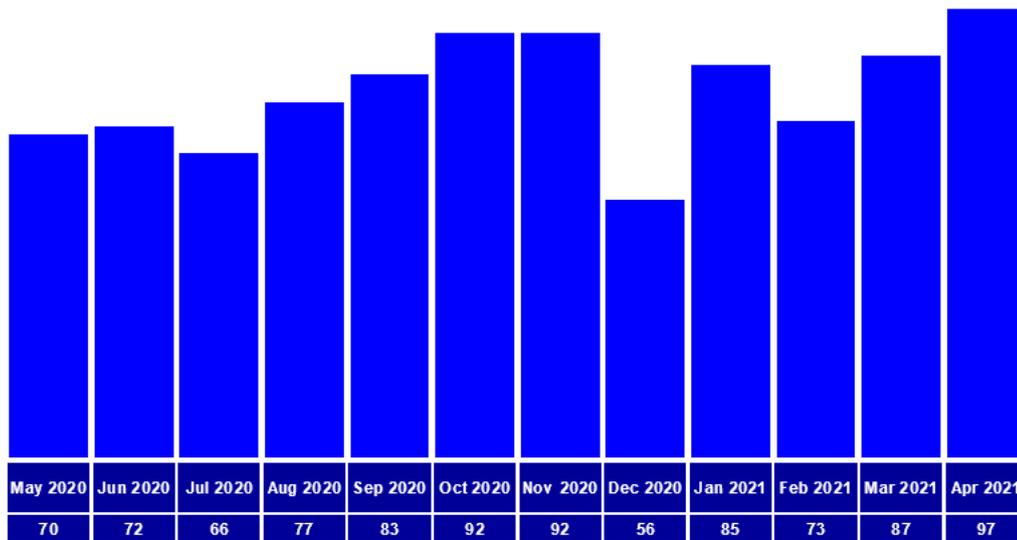
Additional assets however are being deployed across South Area, including Bromley with regards to the Ease of Lockdown plans. This resource is tasked to areas of high harm and ease of lockdown related ASB.

Theft of Motor Vehicles Volume Crime

| | |
|---|--|
| Current Rolling Year to end May 2021 | % difference on 2019 same reporting timeframe |
| 2028 offences | -9.85 (Offences 2249) |

For consistency MOPAC data will now be used to report on this section.

Green



| Neighbourhood | May 2020 | Jun 2020 | Jul 2020 | Aug 2020 | Sep 2020 | Oct 2020 | Nov 2020 | Dec 2020 | Jan 2021 | Feb 2021 | Mar 2021 | Apr 2021 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Bickley | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 3 | 7 |
| Biggin Hill | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Bromley Common and Keston | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 6 | 5 |
| Bromley Town | 5 | 6 | 3 | 7 | 7 | 10 | 7 | 7 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 9 |
| Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 4 | 3 |
| Chislehurst | 3 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 9 | 4 | 1 | 7 | 3 | 2 | 4 |
| Clock House | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Copers Cope | 0 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 10 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 5 |
| Cray Valley East | 4 | 7 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 7 | 5 | 9 | 6 | 5 | 8 | 10 |
| Cray Valley West | 7 | 5 | 5 | 11 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 8 | 6 | 10 | 8 |
| Crystal Palace | 5 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Darwin | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Farnborough and Crofton | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Hayes and Coney Hall | 5 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 4 |
| Kelsey and Eden Park | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 4 |
| Mottingham and Chislehurst North | 7 | 2 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 7 |
| Orpington | 3 | 3 | 1 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Penge and Cator | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 13 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 7 | 3 |
| Petts Wood and Knoll | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Plaistow and Sundridge | 8 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 5 |
| Shortlands | 0 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| West Wickham | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 5 |
| Bromley | 70 | 72 | 66 | 77 | 83 | 92 | 92 | 56 | 85 | 73 | 87 | 97 |

Total theft of MV offences within Bromley have fallen by 9.8% based on rolling year to end May 2021

Proactive joint operations across the South of England by Forces including the Met have identified the increasing numbers of catalytic converter thefts. With rises in precious metal prices and the loss of opportunity for other offending such as burglary thieves have chosen to target vehicles. This has largely retained the overall volumes of crime. Bromley has benefited from these proactive operations as well as local targeting of known criminal networks such that there has been a positive impact on overall crime levels in this area this year to date.

SN BCU have made increase the use of ANPR across all boroughs, with Bromley playing a prominent part both in relation to the trafficking lines from London into the counties and with a focus on theft from and theft of motor vehicle within hotspot areas of Bromley.

Ward Hotspots

| rank | ward |
|------|------------------|
| 1 | Cray Valley East |
| 2 | Bromley Town |
| 3 | Cray Valley West |

Forward plan

Police will continue to focus on what matters to the public locally and deliver against the MOPAC priorities for London. We are continuing our planning for the remaining phase of the lockdown easing of restrictions and working alongside the LA who have supported police superbly throughout the pandemic.

We are in planning for demands during the summer months, through the summer night's plans as well as major events such as the Euro's and Wireless Festival.